

tausta.ksh.sh

**Korn Shell script, that change desktop wallpaper under X
Window System**

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Copyright and licence

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This script was originally created as a Bourne Shell script by:

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A function called "watcher" is based on a Perl-code-snippet as seen in a man page of `xscreensaver -command` (by Jamie Zawinski (<http://www.jwz.org/>))

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Also this documentation-file is under GNU GPL version 2 or (at your option) any later version. Source code is file `README.txt` and everything that is generated from it is treated like binary of software.

Pros and cons of this software

Pros

Main advantage of this software is extreme flexibility. Practically any command that can change your desktop wallpaper or otherwise manipulate background of your desktop, can be used by this software. This software tries to avoid loading wallpaper when XScreenSaver is running some of its screen hacks. You do not need Mad Shell-Fu Skillz for configuring this software.

Cons

If you do not want to change desktop wallpaper automatically after every few hours, this software is definitely not for you. If you want to change your desktop wallpaper after every few hours, but do not need all this flexibility, this software may be a little bit overkill for you. Some Bourne Shell -scripting skills are needed when configuring this software and for some people it is too much (but as I said before, you do not need Mad Shell-Fu Skillz)

Notes

In my machine a command called `ps` is from software package called `procps`. If you use some GNU/Linux-distribution, you probably have it. I have not tested, how well these scripts work with other implementations of `ps`-command.

`tausta.sh` script is written in plain Bourne Shell -language; It is not as reliable as `tausta.ksh.sh` : I have seen many times, that `tausta.sh` scripts loads wallpaper when `xscreensaver` runs some screen hack. If you experience same problem, install some implementation of Korn Shell -language (ie. `pdksh`, `mksh` or `zsh`) and use `tausta.ksh.sh` instead. In fact, I do not bother to maintaining `tausta.sh` anymore; I do not keep its features and bug fixes in sync with `tausta.ksh.sh` .

Most proprietary Unix's has at least AT&T `ksh88`. Some of them has `dtksh`; It is `ksh93` with CDE-capabilities. `pdksh` has tinier binary than `zsh`, so you'd better use it as implementation of Korn Shell-language. `pdksh` is full of bugs, but those bugs should not affect using this software. There is also so called `mksh`; it is based on source code of `pdksh`, but its authors have fixed its bugs. If you use `zsh` as Korn Shell-implamentation, you must make it emulate `ksh` with this command:

```
emulate ksh
```

The Original AT&T KSH93 is finally really free software, so feel free to use it:

<http://www.kornshell.com/>

At least Debian GNU/Linux and Slackware Linux have it packaged already.

It seems, this script is most reliable, when you use the original AT&T KSH93 as your Korn Shell -implementation. Also mksh seems to work just fine.

Installation

First you need some cool software, that can load wallpaper or image to X Window System desktop. I prefer xli and hsetroot. If I want to download some frequently updated image from WWW and load it as wallpaper, I prefer dog for that purpose, but curl is also good.

This software also tries to use gxmessage for showing error messages in dialog. If it is not available, it will use just old xmessage , instead.

Create directory `~/.tausta.sh.dir` . `tausta.rc.sh` has some user-serviceable parts you can edit; at least name of window manager process must be right or script won't run at all. Put `tausta.rc.sh` to `~/.tausta.sh.dir/` . Put scripts `tausta.sh` and/or `tausta.ksh.sh` to some directory in your `$PATH` , for example `~/bin/` . You may need to edit them a little bit, first. Use `chmod` -command to ensure that you can run them.

Now create some file called `tausta.conf` and put it to `~/tausta.sh.dir` . A file called `tausta.conf` is provided as example. Empty lines and lines starting with `#` are ignored, of course. Commands are normal commands that Bourne Shell or any of its derivative understands. You can use exported environment variables instead of plain commands and directory paths. Those environment variables are exported in file `~/tausta.sh.dir/tausta.rc.sh` .

You can unsort lines of `tausta.conf` with software like `rl` , `unsort` or `bogosort`.

Now everything should be in place. Then you must configure your X-session, window manager or desktop environment so, that command like this is run automatically during startup:

```
nice -n 20 tausta.ksh.sh &
```

If your computer is powerfull enough, you can omit that `nice -n 20`, of course.

You can stop waiting for next loading of wallpaper with commands like these:

```
kill -USR1 $(cat ~/.tausta.sh.dir/tausta.pid)
```

```
kill -USR1 'cat ~/.tausta.sh.dir/tausta.pid'
```

Feel free to bind them to some menu entry, panel button, keybinding etc. After giving such command, you must wait about amount of `$CHECKINTERVAL` seconds before the next wallpaper is loaded.

Use signal `SIGHUP`, `SIGINT`, `SIGQUIT` or `SIGTERM` to stop script, so it can safely exit. You can restart script with signal `SIGUSR2` . Restarting is needed, if you edit `tausta.rc.sh`

while running this software. If you edit `tausta.conf` , there is no need to restart this software.

If some image loading command makes your desktop background messed up, or any other anomalies are seen, then check out file `~/.tausta.sh.dir/lastcommand` to find out which command was tried when loading the latest image. That file is also useful, if you think that latest loaded wallpaper is boring and you want to stop using it.

Please, remember that command `killall sleep` is not a good way to stop waiting for the next image-loading command: You must be sure you do not have any other `sleep` -command running.

Commands for loading wallpapers or other desktop background manipulation

Software

Consult these, if you can't find some software:

- <http://freshmeat.net/>
- <http://www.ftpsearch.net/>
- <http://www.google.com/>

For loading wallpapers

- `feh` (This is really an image viewer, but it can load images to root window and download them from WWW.)
 - <http://feh.finalrewind.org/>
- `hsetroot` (Best software for loading center-tiled.)
 - <http://thegraveyard.org/hsetroot.php>
- `qiv`
(This is really an image viewer, but it can load images to background, too. It can read also SVG-files.)
 - <http://spiegl.de/qiv/>
- `xli` (Good for all but loading wallpaper center-tiled)
 - <http://pantransit.reptiles.org/prog/>

- xloadimage (has xsetbg). YOU DO NOT NEED THIS CRAP!: Use xli, because it is improved version of xloadimage. xloadimage is likely to be present on any X11 contrib mirror site:
 - <http://www.mirrormonster.com/ftp.x.org/R5contrib/xloadimage.4.1.tar.gz>
 - <http://www.x.org/mirrors.html>
- chbg (This is buggy crap that depends on ancient and obsolete GTK+ 1.* . Homepage URL do not work, anymore.)
 - <http://chbg.sourceforge.net/>
- Esetroot (This is mostly for users of Enlightenment -window manager)
 - <http://www.jnrowe.ukfsn.org/projects/esetroot.html>

For loading desktop wallpaper from many files

- habak (I haven't tried this. Homepage has been disappeared. Pristine source code is still available in FTP-site of Debian and its mirrors)
 - ftp://ftp.debian.org/debian/pool/main/h/habak/habak_0.2.5.orig.tar.gz
 - <http://www.debian.org/mirror/list>
- telak (I haven't tried this. This software can display remote or local pictures on your desktop. This is a small tool to draw local or remote pictures on your root window.)
 - <http://julien.danjou.info/telak.html>

For loading planet or moon images

- xplanet.
 - <http://xplanet.sourceforge.net/>
- xphoon
 - <http://xphoon.sourceforge.net/>
 - <http://sourceforge.net/projects/xphoon/>
 - <http://www.acme.com/software/xphoon/>
- pngphoon.
 - <http://svolli.de/software/pngphoon/>

For making (random) pics (on the root window)

- xstarfish
 - <http://www.redplanet.sw.com/starfish>
- Evolvotron (I haven't tried this yet, but it seems promising. Maybe you should create images with this software by hand and then load them with xli or hsetroot)
 - <http://www.bottlenose.demon.co.uk/share/evolvotron/>
- Randim (I haven't tried this yet, but it seems promising. It is "interactive fractal image generation program based on the theory of iterated function systems".)
 - http://interstitiality.net/ifs_f.html
- xtartan (Can draw tartan patterns on root window).
 - <ftp://ftp.x.org/contrib/applications/xtartan->*
- XBanner (This is for XDM, but it may be useful for desktop, too. I haven't tried this, yet.)
 - <http://www.hijinks.com/~spade/linux/XBanner/>

For changing color of desktop background

- xsetroot (At least in Debian GNU/Linux binary of this command belongs to a package called x11-xserver-utils.)
 - <http://xorg.freedesktop.org/releases/individual/app/>

For unsorting lines of tausta.conf

- bogosort
 - <http://www.lysator.liu.se/~qha/bogosort/>
 - <ftp://ulrik.haugen.se/pub/unix/bogosort/>
- GNU coreutils (Version 6.0 and above includes shuf)
 - <http://www.gnu.org/software/coreutils/>
- msort (It has random sorting as one of its comparison types)
 - <http://billposer.org/Software/msort.html>
- rl (randomize lines)
 - <http://ch.tudelft.nl/~arthur/rl/>
- unsort

- <http://www.vanheusden.com/unsort/>

You'd better learn this feature of your text editor: How to pipe chosen lines of text to external command and then substitute those lines with output of that command. If your text editor can't do it, it's time to learn some better text editor, like vi, Vim, GNU Emacs, XEmacs or SXEmacs. Learn to use "undo", too.

For fetching files from WWW

- dog

(This is probably the fastest software for this purpose, because it has the smallest binary. But it has been reported to have ugly source code. This program can not handle redirection at all. Hence, it needs direct URL. Homepage has been disappeared. Pristine source code is still available in FTP-site of Debian and its mirrors)

- <http://jl.photodex.com/dog/>
- ftp://ftp.debian.org/debian/pool/main/d/dog/dog_1.7.orig.tar.gz
- <http://www.debian.org/mirror/list>

- feh (This is really an image viewer, but it can load images to root window and download them from WWW. Very handy, because you do not need piping.)

- <http://feh.finalrewind.org/>

- snarf (Has smaller binary than curl. In fact it is just a little bit bigger than binary of dog. Very recommended.)

- <http://www.xach.com/snarf/>

- curl (Much smaller binary than in wget. Available in most Linux-distributions and very commonly found in many Unix-workstations. Very recommended; oriented towards downloading just one file. This is also available as a library: With that library it is easy to add downloading features to almost any software. BTW feh uses those libraries.)

- <http://curl.haxx.se/>

- wget. (Available in most Linux-distributions. Not too bad, but oriented towards downloading whole directories or other bigger entities. Has bigger binary than curl.)

- <http://www.gnu.org/software/wget/wget.html>

- lynx. (This is really a WWW-browser)

- <http://lynx.isc.org/>
- w3m. (This is really a WWW-browser)
 - <http://w3m.sourceforge.net/>
- links/elinks/links2/links hacked/whatever. (These are really a WWW-browsers. Argh... I do not bother telling homepages of all those forks. Use Google and Wikipedia.)
 - http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Links_%28web_browser%29

Commands

Especially I tell you how to substitute xv-commands with free software.

Beginning of commands

```
xv -smooth +noresetroot -root -quit
```

```
xli -quiet -onroot
```

Tiled

```
xv -smooth +noresetroot -root -quit /usr/local/textures/3com01.jpg
```

```
xli -quiet -onroot /usr/local/textures/3com01.jpg
```

```
feh --bg-tile /usr/local/textures/3com01.jpg
```

```
qiv -y /usr/local/textures/3com01.jpg
```

```
qiv --root_t /usr/local/textures/3com01.jpg
```

Double size tiled

```
xli -quiet -onroot -zoom 200 /usr/local/textures/3com01.jpg
```

Center tiled

```
xv -smooth +noresetroot -root -rmode 4 -quit \  
/usr/local/textures/applix01.jpg
```

```
hsetroot -tile /usr/local/textures/applix01.jpg
```

```
chbg -mode centertile /usr/local/textures/applix01.jpg
```

Centered

```
xv -smooth +noresetroot -root -rmode 5 -quit \  
/usr/local/textures/stickdeath01.jpg  
  
xli -quiet -onroot -center -border black \  
/usr/local/textures/stickdeath01.jpg  
  
hsetroot -center /usr/local/textures/stickdeath01.jpg
```

Centered with black borders:

```
xli -quiet -onroot -center -border black \  
/usr/local/textures/stickdeath01.jpg  
  
hsetroot -solid '#000000' -center  
  
feh --bg-center /usr/local/textures/3com01.jpg  
  
qiv -x /usr/local/share/textures/escher18.png  
  
qiv --root /usr/local/share/textures/escher18.png
```

Centered with white borders:

```
xli -quiet -cdither -onroot -center -border white  
  
hsetroot -solid '#ffffff' -center
```

Double size pic. Centered. White borders:

```
xli -quiet -onroot -center -zoom 200 -border white
```

Double size pic. Centered. Black borders:

```
xli -quiet -onroot -center -zoom 200 -border black
```

Maximized

Stretch image to fill whole screen:

```
xv -smooth +noresetroot -root -max -quit \  
/usr/local/textures/soundbla.jpg  
  
hsetroot -fill /usr/local/textures/soundbla.jpg  
  
xli -quiet -onroot -fillscreen -border black \  
-smooth /usr/local/textures/soundbla.jpg
```

```
feh --bg-scale /usr/local/textures/soundbla.jpg
```

```
qiv -z /usr/local/textures/soundbla.jpg
```

```
qiv --root_s /usr/local/textures/soundbla.jpg
```

Stretch image, but keep aspect ratio:

```
hsetroot -full /usr/local/textures/soundbla.jpg
```

```
xli -quiet-onroot -fullscreen -border black \  
-smooth /usr/local/textures/soundbla.jpg
```

```
feh --bg-max /usr/local/textures/soundbla.jpg
```

Solid background color and no image

```
xsetroot -solid SOMECOLOR
```

That color can be for example “salmon” (or any other color mentioned in `rgb.txt` -file of your X Window System) or RGB value in hex, for example `#000000` (black) . `xsetroot` can do other background manipulations, too. With this command it creates grid sized `16×16` pixels and its foreground color is `LightSalmon` and background color is `MidnightBlue`:

```
xsetroot -mod 16 16 -fg LightSalmon -bg MidnightBlue
```

Often updated WWW-image

(Don't blame me, if such image is one day replaced with goatse or tubgirl or if some goatse-like guy starts doing his thing in front of some webcam...) dog can not handle redirection. `hsetroot` can not read from stdin.

```
dog --no-header http://vision.ucsd.edu/~atai/softwarewar.png \  
| xsetbg -quiet -onroot -center stdin
```

```
feh --bg-max http://www.ssec.wisc.edu/data/comp/latest_moll.gif
```

```
dog --no-header http://www.ssec.wisc.edu/data/comp/latest_moll.gif \  
| xsetbg -quiet -onroot -fullscreen stdin
```

```
dog --no-header http://www.ssec.wisc.edu/data/comp/latest_moll.gif \  
| xli -quiet -cdither -onroot -fullscreen -border black -smooth \  
stdin
```

```

snarf http://www.ssec.wisc.edu/data/comp/latest_moll.gif - \
| xsetbg -quiet -onroot -fullscreen stdin

curl -s http://vision.ucsd.edu/~atai/softwarewar.png \
| xsetbg -quiet -onroot stdin

wget -q -O - http://vision.ucsd.edu/~atai/softwarewar.png \
| xsetbg -quiet -onroot -center stdin

lynx --source --dump http://vision.ucsd.edu/~atai/softwarewar.png \
| xsetbg -quiet -onroot -center stdin

elinks -dump -source http://iki.fi/juhtolv/pix/ryppy_black.jpg \
| xsetbg -quiet -onroot stdin

w3m -dump_source http://iki.fi/juhtolv/pix/ryppy.jpg \
| xsetbg -quiet -onroot stdin

```

Phase of the moon etc.

```

xphoon

xplanet -config ~/.xplanet/config -longitude 25.5 -latitude \
62.1 -label -num_times 1 -label_string "Origin: %o. Target: %t." \
-labelpos "+15+15" -pango -font 'Sans' -fontsize 12

xplanet -config ~/.xplanet/config -longitude 25.5 -label \
-num_times 1 -label_string "Origin: %o. Target: %t." \
-labelpos "+15+15" -pango -font 'Sans' -fontsize 12 -projection \
mercator

xplanet -config ~/.xplanet/config -longitude 25.5 -label \
-num_times 1 -label_string "Origin: %o. Target: %t." -labelpos \
"+15+15" -pango -font 'Sans' -fontsize 12 -projection lambert

xplanet -config ~/.xplanet/config -latitude 90 -label \
-num_times 1 -label_string "Origin: %o. Target: %t." -labelpos \
"+15+15" -pango -font 'Sans' -fontsize 12 -projection azimuthal

xplanet -config ~/.xplanet/config -latitude -90 -label -num_times \
1 -label_string "Origin: %o. Target: %t." -labelpos "+15+15" \
-pango -font 'Sans' -fontsize 12 -projection azimuthal

```

```
xplanet -config ~/.xplanet/config -longitude 25.5 -label \
-num_times 1 -label_string "Origin: %o. Target: %t." -labelpos \
"+15+15" -pango -font 'Sans' -fontsize 12 -projection ancient

xplanet -config ~/.xplanet/config -longitude 25.5 -label \
-num_times 1 -label_string "Origin: %o. Target: %t." -labelpos \
"+15+15" -pango -font 'Sans' -fontsize 12 -projection hemisphere

xplanet -config ~/.xplanet/config -longitude 25.5 -latitude \
62.1 -label -num_times 1 -label_string "Origin: %o. Target: %t." \
-labelpos "+15+15" -pango -font 'Sans' -fontsize 12 -projection \
orthographic
```

Randomly generated pic

```
xstarfish --size random

xstarfish --size small

xstarfish --size medium

xstarfish --size large

xstarfish --size full
```

Doing it in Gnome way

Set background image:

```
gconftool --type string --set \
/desktop/gnome/background/picture_filename \
/path/to/filename
```

Image options (yes, separated command):

```
# Fill screen. Keep aspect ratio (in Gnome 2.16):
gconftool --type string --set \
/desktop/gnome/background/picture_options scaled
```

As I am writing this, that part picture_options can have one of these values:

- none
- wallpaper
- centered

- scaled
- stretched

You can check out which image options are available by doing this: Start up a program called `gconf-editor`. See `gconf-option /desktop/gnome/background/` .

TODO

Somebody please tell me, how to do this thing:

- How to manipulate background of Plasma of KDE via command line?

About this document

This document is originally written in lightweight markup language called “reStructuredText”. It is in a file called `README.txt`. If you want to edit it and then re-generate other formats of this document, you must install software called `python-docutils`. Bourne Shell -script called `compileall.sh` generates HTML-, TeX-, PostScript-, and PDF-version of this file. HTML-version is ready for any WWW-browser. TeX-version is compiled with `pdflatex` to PDF-version. You’d better have quite decent TeX-distribution, or that LaTeX-compilation will fail. I use TeX Live. Then PDF-version is converted to PostScript with `pdftops` (belongs to XPDF).